Discipline: Comp.sc	Semester: 2 nd	Name of the Teaching Faculty: Amrutendu pati
Subject:ENGG CHEMISTRY	No. of days/per	Semester Fromdate : Todate:
	weekclass allotted:04	No.ofWeeks:15
Week	ClassDay	Theory
	1 ST	Fundamentalparticles(electron,proton&neutronDefinition, mass and charge)
1 ST	2^{ND}	Rutherford'sAtomicmodel(postulatesandfailure)
	3RD	Atomicmassandmassnumber, Definition, examples and properties of Isotopes, isobars and isotones
	4 TH	Bohr'sAtomicmodel(Postulatesonly),Bohr-Buryscheme
2 ND	1 ST	Aufbau'sprinciple,Hund'srule,Electronicconfiguration(upto atomic no 30)
	2 ND	ChemicalBonding:Definition,Types,Electrovalentbond: NaCl, MgCl ₂
	3 RD	CovalentBondwthexamplesH ₂ ,Cl ₂ ,O ₂ ,N ₂ ,H ₂ O,CH ₄ ,NH ₃ , Coordinate bond NH ₄ ⁺ , SO ₂
	4 TH	Covalent Bond:H ₂ O,CH ₄ ,NH ₃ ,CoordinatebondNH ₄ ⁺ , SO ₂
	1 ST	ConceptofArrhenius, LowryBronstedandLewistheoryforacid and base with examples (Postulates and limitations only). Neutralizationofacid&base.
3RD	2 ND	Typesofsalts(Normal,acidic,basic,double,complexandmixed salts, definitions with 2 examples from each).
	3 RD	Definitionsofatomicweight,molecularweight,Equivalent weight
	4 TH	DeterminationofequivalentweightofAcid,BaseandSalt
	1 ST	Modesofexpressionoftheconcentrations(Molarity,Normality & Molality) with Simple Problems
	2 ND	pHofsolution(definitionwithsimplenumericals)
4тн	3 RD	ImportanceofpHinindustry(sugar,textile,paperindustries only)
	4 ^{тн}	Definitionandtypes(Strong& weak)ofElectrolyteswith example.
	1 ST	Electrolysis(Principle&process)withexampleofNaCl(fused and aqueous solution).
5тн	2 ND	Faraday's1stlawofElectrolysis(Statement, mathematical expression, numerical)
	3rd	Faraday's 1st law of Electrolysis (Statement, mathematical expression, numerical)
	4 TH	IndustrialapplicationofElectrolysis-Electroplating(Zinconly)

6 TH	1 ST	DefinitionofCorrosion,TypesofCorrosion-Atmospheric Corrosion
	2 ND	Waterlinecorrosion.MechanismofrustingofIrononly. ProtectionfromCorrosionby(i)Alloyingand(ii) Galvanization
	3rd	DefinitionofMineral,ores,ganguewithexample.Distinction between Ores And Minerals
	4 TH	i.OreDressingii)Concentration(Gravity separation, magnetic separation)
7 TH	1 ST	Frothfloatation&leaching
	2ND	Oxidation(Calcinations,Roasting)
	3RD	Reduction(Smelting,Definition&examplesofflux,slag)
	4TH	Refiningofthemetal(Electrorefining,&Distillation only)
	1ST	Definitionofalloy.Typesofalloys(Ferro, NonFerro& Amalgam) with example
8TH	2ND	CompositionandusesofBrass,Bronze,Alnico, Duralumin
	3RD	SaturatedandUnsaturatedHydrocarbons(Definition with example)
	4TH	Alkane
	1ST	Alkene,Alkyne
9TH	2ND	AliphaticandAromaticHydrocarbons(Huckle'srule only). Difference between Aliphatic and aromatic hydrocarbons
	3RD	IUPACsystemofnomenclatureofAlkane(upto6 carbons) with bond line notation.
	4TH	IUPACsystemofnomenclatureofAlkene(upto6 carbons) with bond line notation.
10TH	1ST	IUPACsystemofnomenclatureofAlkyne(upto6 carbons) with bond line notation.
	2ND	IUPACsystemofnomenclatureofalkylhalideand alcohol(upto6 carbons) withbondline notation.
	3RD	Usesofsomecommonaromaticcompounds(Benzene, Toluene, BHC, Phenol) in daily life
	4TH	Uses of some common aromatic compounds (Naphthalene, AnthraceneandBenzoicacid)indaily life.
	1ST	Sourcesofwater
	2ND	Softwater, Hardwater
	3RD	hardness,typesofHardness(temporaryorcarbonateand permanent or non-carbonate)

11TH	4TH	Removalofhardnessbylimesoda method(hotlime— Principle, process & advantages)
12TH	1ST	Removalofhardnessbylimesoda method(coldlime— Principle, process & advantages)
	2ND	AdvantagesofHotlimeovercoldlimeprocess
	3RD	OrganicIonexchangemethod(principle,process,and regeneration of exhausted resins).
	4TH	Definitionoflubricant, Types (solid, liquidandsemisolid with examples only)
13TH	1ST	specificusesoflubricants(Graphite,Oils,Grease), Purpose of lubrication
	2ND	Definitionandclassificationoffuel, Definition of calorific value of fuel, Choice of good fuel
	3RD	Liquid:Diesel,Petrol,andKeroseneCompositionand uses
	4TH	Gaseous:ProducergasandWatergas(Compositionand uses).
	1ST	ElementaryideaaboutLPG,CNGandcoalgas (Composition and uses only).
	2ND	DefinitionofMonomer,Polymer,Homo-polymer,Co- polymer and Degree of polymerization
	3RD	DifferencebetweenThermosettingandThermoplastic
14TH	4TH	CompositionandusesofPolythene,&Poly-Vinyl Chloride and Bakelite
	1ST	DefinitionofElastomer(Rubber).NaturalRubber(it's draw backs)
15TH	2ND	VulcanisationofRubber.AdvantagesofVulcanised rubber overrawrubber
	3RD	Pesticides:Insecticides,herbicides,fungicidesExamples and uses.
	4TH	BioFertilizers:Definition, examples and uses.